

# MONGODB - OVERVIEW

MongoDB is a cross-platform, document oriented database that provides, high performance, high availability, and easy scalability. MongoDB works on concept of collection and document.

## Database

Database is a physical container for collections. Each database gets its own set of files on the file system. A single MongoDB server typically has multiple databases.

## Collection

Collection is a group of MongoDB documents. It is the equivalent of an RDBMS table. A collection exists within a single database. Collections do not enforce a schema. Documents within a collection can have different fields. Typically, all documents in a collection are of similar or related purpose.

## Document

A document is a set of key-value pairs. Documents have dynamic schema. Dynamic schema means that documents in the same collection do not need to have the same set of fields or structure, and common fields in a collection's documents may hold different types of data.

Below given table shows the relationship of RDBMS terminology with MongoDB

RDBMS	MongoDB
Database	Database
Table	Collection
Tuple/Row	Document
column	Field
Table Join	Embedded Documents
Primary Key	Primary Key <i>Default key is provided by mongoDB itself</i>

## Database Server and Client

Mysqld/Oracle	mongod
mysql/sqlplus	mongo

## Sample document

Below given example shows the document structure of a blog site which is simply a comma separated key value pair.

```
{  
  _id: ObjectId("7df78ad8902c"),  
  title: 'MongoDB Overview',  
  description: 'MongoDB is no sql database',  
  by: 'tutorialspoint',  
  url: 'http://www.tutorialspoint.com',  
  tags: ['mongodb', 'database', 'NoSQL'],  
  likes: 100,  
  comments: [  
    {  
      user: 'user1',  
      comment: 'Great Article!'  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

```
        message: 'My first comment',
        dateCreated: new Date(2011,1,20,2,15),
        like: 0
    },
    {
        user: 'user2',
        message: 'My second comments',
        dateCreated: new Date(2011,1,25,7,45),
        like: 5
    }
]
```

**\_id** is a 12 bytes hexadecimal number which assures the uniqueness of every document. You can provide `_id` while inserting the document. If you didn't provide then MongoDB provide a unique id for every document. These 12 bytes first 4 bytes for the current timestamp, next 3 bytes for machine id, next 2 bytes for process id of mongodb server and remaining 3 bytes are simple `incremental value`

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