JAVA.UTIL.SCANNER.NEXTSHORT METHOD

http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/util/scanner nextshort.htm

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Description

The **java.util.Scanner.nextShort** method Scans the next token of the input as a short.An invocation of this method of the form nextShort behaves in exactly the same way as the invocation nextShort*radix*, where radix is the default radix of this scanner.

Declaration

Following is the declaration for java.util.Scanner.nextShort method

```
public short nextShort()
```

Parameters

NA

Return Value

This method returns the short scanned from the input

Exception

- **InputMismatchException** -- if the next token does not match the Integer regular expression, or is out of range
- NoSuchElementException -- if input is exhausted
- IllegalStateException -- if this scanner is closed

Example

The following example shows the usage of java.util.Scanner.nextShort method.

```
package com.tutorialspoint;
import java.util.*;
public class ScannerDemo {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
   String s = "Hello World! 3 + 3.0 = 6.0 true";
   // create a new scanner with the specified String Object
   Scanner scanner = new Scanner(s);
   // find the next short token and print it
   // loop for the whole scanner
   while (scanner.hasNext()) {
   // if the next is a short, print found and the short
   if (scanner.hasNextShort()) {
   System.out.println("Found :" + scanner.nextShort());
   // if no short is found, print "Not Found:" and the token
   System.out.println("Not Found :" + scanner.next());
   // close the scanner
   scanner.close();
```

```
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program, this will produce the following result:

```
Not Found :Hello
Not Found :World!
Found :3
Not Found :+
Not Found :3.0
Not Found :=
Not Found :6.0
Not Found :true
Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/HTML-CSS/fonts/TeX/fontdata.js
```