

JAVA.UTIL.SCANNER.NEXTBYTE METHOD

http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/util/scanner_nextbyte.htm

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Description

The **java.util.Scanner.nextByte** method scans the next token of the input as a byte. An invocation of this method of the form `nextByte` behaves in exactly the same way as the invocation `nextByteradix`, where `radix` is the default radix of this scanner.

Declaration

Following is the declaration for **java.util.Scanner.nextByte** method

```
public byte nextByte()
```

Parameters

- NA

Return Value

This method returns the byte scanned from the input

Exception

- **InputMismatchException** -- if the next token does not match the Integer regular expression, or is out of range
- **NoSuchElementException** -- if the input is exhausted
- **IllegalStateException** -- if this scanner is closed

Example

The following example shows the usage of `java.util.Scanner.nextByte` method.

```
package com.tutorialspoint;

import java.util.*;

public class ScannerDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String s = "Hello World! 3 + 3.0 = 6 true";

        // create a new scanner with the specified String Object
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(s);

        // find the next Byte token and print it
        // loop for the whole scanner
        while (scanner.hasNext()) {

            // if the next is byte, print found and the byte
            if (scanner.hasNextByte()) {
                System.out.println("Found :" + scanner.nextByte());
            }

            // if a Byte is not found, print "Not Found" and the token
            System.out.println("Not Found :" + scanner.next());
        }

        // close the scanner
        scanner.close();
    }
}
```

```
}  
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program, this will produce the following result:

```
Not Found :Hello  
Not Found :World!  
Found :3  
Not Found :+  
Not Found :3.0  
Not Found :=  
Found :6  
Not Found :true
```

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