

Introduction

The **java.util.TreeSet** class implements the **Set** interface. Following are the important points about TreeSet:

- The TreeSet class guarantees that the Map will be in ascending key order and backed by a TreeMap.
- The Map is sorted according to the natural sort method for the key Class, or by the Comparator provided at set creation time, that will depend on which constructor used.
- The ordering must be total in order for the Tree to function properly.

Class declaration

Following is the declaration for **java.util.TreeSet** class:

```
public class TreeSet<E>
    extends AbstractSet<E>
    implements NavigableSet<E>, Cloneable, Serializable
```

Parameters

Following is the parameter for **java.util.TreeSet** class:

- **E** -- This is the type of elements maintained by this set.

Class constructors

S.N.	Constructor & Description
1	TreeSet This constructor constructs a new, empty tree set, sorted according to the natural ordering of its elements.
2	TreeSetCollection < ? extends E > c This constructor constructs a new tree set containing the elements in the specified collection, sorted according to the natural ordering of its elements.
3	TreeSetComparator < ? super E > comparator This constructor constructs a new, empty tree set, sorted according to the specified comparator.
4	TreeSetSortedSet < E > s This constructor constructs a new tree set containing the same elements and using the same ordering as the specified sorted set.

Class methods

S.N.	Method & Description
------	----------------------

- | | |
|----|--|
| 1 | <u>boolean addEe</u>
This method adds the specified element to this set if it is not already present. |
| 2 | <u>boolean addAllCollection < ?extendsE > c</u>
This method adds all of the elements in the specified collection to this set. |
| 3 | <u>E ceilingEe</u>
This method returns the least element in this set greater than or equal to the given element, or null if there is no such element. |
| 4 | <u>void clear</u>
This method removes all of the elements from this set. |
| 5 | <u>Object clone</u>
This method returns a shallow copy of this TreeSet instance. |
| 6 | <u>Comparator<? super E> comparator</u>
This method returns the comparator used to order the elements in this set, or null if this set uses the natural ordering of its elements. |
| 7 | <u>boolean containsObjecto</u>
This method returns true if this set contains the specified element. |
| 8 | <u>Iterator<E> descendingIterator</u>
This method returns an iterator over the elements in this set in descending order. |
| 9 | <u>NavigableSet<E> descendingSet</u>
This method returns a reverse order view of the elements contained in this set. |
| 10 | <u>E first</u>
This method returns the first <i>lowest</i> element currently in this set. |
| 11 | <u>E floorEe</u> |

This method Returns the greatest element in this set less than or equal to the given element, or null if there is no such element.

12

[SortedSet<E> headSetEtoElement](#)

This method returns a view of the portion of this set whose elements are strictly less than toElement.

13

[NavigableSet<E> headSetEtoElement, booleaninclusive](#)

This method Returns a view of the portion of this set whose elements are less than orequalto, ifinclusiveistrue toElement.

14

[E higherEe](#)

This method returns the least element in this set strictly greater than the given element, or null if there is no such element.

15

[boolean isEmpty](#)

This method returns true if this set contains no elements.

16

[Iterator<E> iterator](#)

This method returns an iterator over the elements in this set in ascending order.

17

[E last](#)

This method returns the last *highest* element currently in this set.

18

[E lowerEe](#)

This method returns the greatest element in this set strictly less than the given element, or null if there is no such element.

19

[E pollFirst](#)

This method retrieves and removes the first *lowest* element, or returns null if this set is empty.

20

[E pollLast](#)

This method retrieves and removes the last *highest* element, or returns null if this set is empty.

21

[boolean removeObjectto](#)

This method removes the specified element from this set if it is present.

- 22 [int size](#)
- This method returns the number of elements in this set *itscardinality*.
- 23 [NavigableSet<E> subSetEfromElement, booleanfromInclusive, EtoElement, booleantoInclusive](#)
- This method returns a view of the portion of this set whose elements range from fromElement to toElement.
- 24 [SortedSet<E> subSetEfromElement, EtoElement](#)
- This method returns a view of the portion of this set whose elements range from fromElement, inclusive, to toElement, exclusive.
- 25 [SortedSet<E> tailSetEfromElement](#)
- This method returns a view of the portion of this set whose elements are greater than or equal to fromElement.
- 26 [NavigableSet<E> tailSetEfromElement, booleaninclusive](#)
- This method returns a view of the portion of this set whose elements are greater than or equal to, if inclusive is true fromElement.

Methods inherited

This class inherits methods from the following classes:

- java.util.AbstractSet
- java.util.AbstractCollection
- java.util.Object
- java.util.Set

Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/HTML-CSS/jax.js