

# JAVA.UTIL.CALENDAR.EQUALS METHOD

[http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/util/calendar\\_equals.htm](http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/util/calendar_equals.htm)

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## Description

The **java.util.Calendar.equals** method compares this Calendar to the specified Object.

## Declaration

Following is the declaration for **java.util.Calendar.equals** method

```
public boolean equals(Object obj)
```

## Parameters

- **obj** -- the object to compare with.

## Return Value

**true** if this object is equal to obj; **false** if there is any difference in those parameters between the two Calendars *millisecondoffsetfromtheEpoch*.

## Exception

- NA

## Example

The following example shows the usage of java.util.calendar.equal method.

```
package com.tutorialspoint;

import java.util.*;

public class CalendarDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // create two calendars
        Calendar cal = Calendar.getInstance();

        // specify a date for one of them
        Calendar cal2 = new GregorianCalendar(2011, 04, 29);

        // compare the two calendars.
        boolean b = cal.equals(cal2);

        // print result
        System.out.println("Calendars are equal : " + b);
    }
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program, this will produce the following result:

```
Calendars are equal :false
```

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