

# JAVA.UTIL.ARRAYS.HASHCODEBOOLEAN[] METHOD

[http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/util/arrays\\_hashcode\\_boolean.htm](http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/util/arrays_hashcode_boolean.htm)

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## Description

The `java.util.Arrays.hashCodeboolean[]` method returns a hash code based on the contents of the specified array. For any two boolean arrays *a* and *b* such that `Arrays.equalsa, b`, it is also the case that `Arrays.hashCodea == Arrays.hashCodeb`.

## Declaration

Following is the declaration for `java.util.Arrays.hashCode` method

```
public static int hashCode(boolean[] a)
```

## Parameters

- **a** -- This is the array whose hash value to compute.

## Return Value

This method returns a content-based hash code for *a*.

## Exception

- **NA**

## Example

The following example shows the usage of `java.util.Arrays.hashCode` method.

```
package com.tutorialspoint;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class ArrayDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // initializing boolean array
        boolean[] bval = new boolean[] { true };

        // hashCode for value1
        int retval = bval.hashCode();

        // printing hash code value
        System.out.println("The hash code of value1 is: " + retval);

        // value2 for boolean array
        bval=new boolean[] { false };

        // hashCode for value2
        retval=bval.hashCode();

        // printing hash code value
        System.out.println("The hash code of value2 is: " + retval);
    }
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program, this will produce the following result:

```
The hash code of value1 is: 4072869
The hash code of value2 is: 1671711
```

