

JAVA.LANG.STRICTMATH.MIN METHOD

http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/lang/strictmath_min_double.htm

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Description

The **java.lang.StrictMath.min**(double a, double b) method returns the smaller of two double values.

If the arguments have the same value, the result is that same value. If either value is NaN, then the result is NaN.

This method considers negative zero to be strictly smaller than positive zero. If one argument is positive zero and the other is negative zero, the result is negative zero.

Declaration

Following is the declaration for **java.lang.StrictMath.min** method

```
public static double min(double a, double b)
```

Parameters

- **a** -- This is the double value.
- **b** -- This is another double value.

Return Value

This method returns the smaller of a and b.

Exception

- **NA**

Example

The following example shows the usage of java.lang.StrictMath.min method.

```
package com.tutorialspoint;

import java.lang.*;

public class StrictMathDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        double d1 = 10 , d2 = 40, d3 = -25;

        // both positive values
        double minValue = StrictMath.min(d1, d2);
        System.out.println("StrictMath.min(10, 40) : " + minValue);

        // one positive and one negative value
        minValue = StrictMath.min(d1, d3);
        System.out.println("StrictMath.min(10, -25) : " + minValue);
    }
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program, this will produce the following result:

```
StrictMath.min(10, 40) : 10.0
StrictMath.min(10, -25) : -25.0
```

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