JAVA.LANG.MATH.NEXTAFTER METHOD

http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/lang/math nextafter double.htm

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Description

The **java.lang.Math.nextAfter***doublestart*, *doubledirection* returns the floating-point number adjacent to the first argument in the direction of the second argument. If both arguments compare as equal the second argument is returned. Special cases:

- If either argument is a NaN, then NaN is returned.
- If both arguments are signed zeros, direction is returned unchanged asimpliedbytherequirementofreturningthesecondargumentiftheargumentscompareasequal.
- If start is Double.MIN_VALUE and direction has a value such that the result should have a smaller magnitude, then a zero with the same sign as start is returned.
- If *start* is infinite and direction has a value such that the result should have a smaller magnitude, Double.MAX VALUE with the same sign as start is returned.
- If *start* is equal to ***** Double.MAX_VALUE and direction has a value such that the result should have a larger magnitude, an infinity with same sign as start is returned.

Declaration

Following is the declaration for java.lang.Math.nextAfter method

```
public static double nextAfter(double start, double direction)
```

Parameters

- start -- starting floating-point value
- direction -- value indicating which of start's neighbors or start should be returned

Return Value

This method returns the floating-point number adjacent to start in the direction of direction.

Exception

NA

Example

The following example shows the usage of lang.Math.nextAfter method.

```
package com.tutorialspoint;
import java.lang.*;
public class MathDemo {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     // get two double numbers
     double x = 98759.765;
     double y = 154.28764;

     // print the next number for x towards y
     System.out.println("Math.nextAfter(" + x + "," + y + ")="
     + Math.nextAfter(x, y));

     // print the next number for y towards x
```

Let us compile and run the above program, this will produce the following result:

```
Math.nextAfter(98759.765,154.28764)=98759.76499999998

Math.nextAfter(154.28764.98759.765)=154.28764000000004

Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/HTML-CSS/jax.js
```