

The **signal.h** header defines a variable type **sig\_atomic\_t**, two function calls, and several macros to handle different signals reported during a program's execution.

## Library Variables

Following is the variable type defined in the header signal.h –

S.N.	Variable & Description
1	<b>sig_atomic_t</b>  This is of <b>int</b> type and is used as a variable in a signal handler. This is an integral type of an object that can be accessed as an atomic entity, even in the presence of asynchronous signals.

## Library Macros

Following are the macros defined in the header signal.h and these macros will be used in two functions listed below. The **SIG\_** macros are used with the signal function to define signal functions.

S.N.	Macro & Description
1	<b>SIG_DFL</b>  Default signal handler.
2	<b>SIG_ERR</b>  Represents a signal error.
3	<b>SIG_IGN</b>  Signal ignore.

The **SIG** macros are used to represent a signal number in the following conditions –

S.N.	Macro & Description
1	<b>SIGABRT</b>  Abnormal program termination.
2	<b>SIGFPE</b>  Floating-point error like division by zero.
3	<b>SIGILL</b>  Illegal operation.

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|---|----------------|---|
| 4 | <b>SIGINT</b>  | Interrupt signal such as ctrl-C.                  |
| 5 | <b>SIGSEGV</b> | Invalid access to storage like segment violation. |
| 6 | <b>SIGTERM</b> | Termination request.                              |

## Library Functions

Following are the functions defined in the header signal.h –

S.N.	Function & Description
1	<div><u><a>void * signal(intsig, void( * funcint))int</a></u> This function sets a function to handle signal i.e. a signal handler.</div>
2	<div><u><a>int raise(intsig)</a></u> This function causes signal <b>sig</b> to be generated. The sig argument is compatible with the SIG macros.</div>