APACHE POI WORD - QUICK GUIDE

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APACHE POI WORD - OVERVIEW

Many a time, a software application is required to generate reference documents in Microsoft Word file format. Sometimes, an application is even expected to receive Word files as input data.

Any Java programmer who wants to produce MS-Office files as output must use a predefined and read-only API to do so.

What is Apache POI?

Apache POI is a popular API that allows programmers to create, modify, and display MS-Office files using Java programs. It is an open source library developed and distributed by Apache Software Foundation to design or modify MS-Office files using Java program. It contains classes and methods to decode the user input data or a file into MS-Office documents.

Components of Apache POI

Apache POI contains classes and methods to work on all OLE2 Compound documents of MS-Office. The list of components of this API is given below:

- POIFS PoorObfuscationImplementationFileSystem: This component is the basic factor of all other POI elements. It is used to read different files explicitly.
- **HSSF** HorribleSpreadSheetFormat: It is used to read and write .xls format of MS-Excel files.
- **XSSF** *XMLSpreadSheetFormat* : It is used for .xlsx file format of MS-Excel.
- **HPSF** *HorriblePropertySetFormat*: It is used to extract property sets of the MS-Office files.
- HWPF HorribleWordProcessorFormat: It is used to read and write .doc extension files of MS-Word.
- XWPF XMLWordProcessorFormat: It is used to read and write .docx extension files of MS-Word.
- **HSLF** *HorribleSlideLayoutFormat*: It is used to read, create, and edit PowerPoint presentations.
- **HDGF** HorribleDiaGramFormat: It contains classes and methods for MS-Visio binary files.
- HPBF HorriblePuBlisherFormat: It is used to read and write MS-Publisher files.

This tutorial guides you through the process of working on MS-Word files using Java. Therefore the discussion is confined to HWPF and XWPF components.

APACHE POI WORD - INSTALLATION

This chapter takes you through the process of setting up Apache POI on Windows and Linux based systems. Apache POI can be easily installed and integrated with your current lava environment, following a few simple steps without any complex setup procedures. User administration is required while installation.

System Requirements

JDK Java SE 2 JDK 1.5 or above

1 GB RAM recommended Memory

Disk Space No minimum requirement

Operating System Version Windows XP or above, Linux

Let us now proceed with the steps to install Apache POI.

Step 1: Verify your Java Installation

First of all, you need to have Java Software Development Kit *SDK* installed on your system. To verify this, execute any of the two commands mentioned below, depending on the platform you are working on.

If the Java installation has been done properly, then it will display the current version and specification of your Java installation. A sample output is given in the following table:

Platform	Command	Sample Output
Windows	Open command console and type: \>java -version	Java version "1.7.0_60" Java TM SE Run Time Environment $build$ 1.7.0 $_6$ 0 – b 19 Java Hotspot TM 64-bit Server VM build24.60 – b 09, $mixed mode$
Linux	Open command terminal and type: \$java -version	java version "1.7.0_25" Open JDK Runtime Environment $rhel-2.3.10.4.el6_4-x86_64$ Open JDK 64-Bit Server VM $build23.7-b01$, $mixedmode$

- We assume that the readers of this tutorial have Java SDK version 1.7.0_60 installed on their system.
- In case you do not have Java SDK, download its current version from http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html and have it installed.

Step 2: Set your Java Environment

Set the environment variable JAVA_HOME to point to the base directory location where Java is installed on your machine. For example,

Platform	Description
Windows	Set JAVA_HOME to C:\ProgramFiles\java\jdk1.7.0_60
Linux	Export JAVA_HOME=/usr/local/java-current

Append the full path of Java compiler location to the System Path.

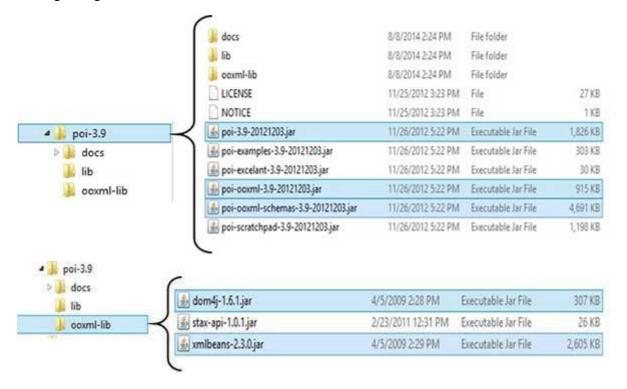
Platform	Description
Windows	Append the String "C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.7.0_60\bin" to the end of the system variable PATH.
Linux	Export PATH=PATH: JAVA_HOME/bin/

Execute the command **java - version** from the command prompt as explained above.

Step 3: Install Apache POI Library

Download the latest version of Apache POI from http://poi.apache.org/download.html and unzip its contents to a folder from where the required libraries can be linked to your Java program. Let us assume the files are collected in a folder on C drive.

The following images shows the directories and the file structure inside the downloaded folder:



Add the complete path of the five jars as highlighted in the above image to the CLASSPATH.

Platform	Description
Windows	Append the following strings to the end of the user variable CLASSPATH:
	"C:\poi-3.9\poi-3.9-20121203.jar;"
	"C:\poi-3.9\poi-ooxml-3.9-20121203.jar;"
	"C:\poi-3.9\poi-ooxml-schemas-3.9-20121203.jar;"
	"C:\poi-3.9\ooxml-lib\dom4j-1.6.1.jar;"
	"C:\poi-3.9\ooxml-lib\xmlbeans-2.3.0.jar;.;"
Linux	
	Export CLASSPATH=\$CLASSPATH:
	/usr/share/poi-3.9/poi-3.9-20121203.tar:
	/usr/share/poi-3.9/poi-ooxml-schemas-3.9-20121203.tar:
	/usr/share/poi-3.9/poi-ooxml-3.9-20121203.tar:
	/usr/share/poi-3.9/ooxml-lib/dom4j-1.6.1.tar:
	/usr/share/poi-3.9/ooxml-lib/xmlbeans-2.3.0.tar

APACHE POI WORD - CORE CLASSES

This chapter takes you through the classes and methods of Apache POI for managing a Word document.

Document

This is a marker interface *interfacedonotcontainanymethods*, that notifies that the implemented class can be able to create a word document.

XWPFDocument

This is a class under **org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel** package. It is used to create MS-Word Document with .docx file format.

Class Methods:

S. No.	Method and Description
1	commit
	Commits and saves the document.
2	
	createParagraph
	Appends a new paragraph to this document.
3	createTable
	Creates an empty table with one row and one column as default.
4	createTOC
	Creates a table of content for Word document.
5	getParagraphs
	Returns the paragraphs that holds the text of the header or footer.
6	getStyle
	Returns the styles object used.

For the remaining methods of this class, refer the complete API document at:

https://poi.apache.org/apidocs/index.html?org/apache/poi/openxml4j/opc/internal/packagesummary.html.

XWPFParagraph

This is a class under **org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel** package and is used to create paragraph in a word document. This instance is also used to add all types of elements into word document.

Class Methods:

S. Method and Description No.

1 createRun

Appends a new run to this paragraph.

2 **getAlignment**

Returns the paragraph alignment which shall be applied to the text in this paragraph.

3 **setAlignment***ParagraphAlignmentalign*

Specifies the paragraph alignment which shall be applied to the text in this paragraph.

4 setBorderBottomBordersborder

Specifies the border which shall be displayed below a set of paragraphs, which have the same set of paragraph border settings.

5 setBorderLeftBordersborder

Specifies the border which shall be displayed on the left side of the page around the specified paragraph.

6 setBorderRightBordersborder

Specifies the border which shall be displayed on the right side of the page around the specified paragraph.

7 **setBorderTop**Bordersborder

Specifies the border which shall be displayed above a set of paragraphs which have the same set of paragraph border settings.

For the remaining methods of this class, refer the complete API document at:

https://poi.apache.org/apidocs/index.html?org/apache/poi/openxml4j/opc/internal/package-summary.html.

XWPFRun

This is a class under **org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel** package and is used to add a region of text to the paragraph.

Class Methods:

S. Method and Description

No.

1 addBreak

Specifies that a break shall be placed at the current location in the run content.

2 addTab

Specifies that a tab shall be placed at the current location in the run content.

3 **setColor**java. lang. StringrgbStr

Sets text color.

4 **setFontSize**intsize

Specifies the font size which shall be applied to all noncomplex script characters in the content of this run when displayed.

5 **setText**java. lang. Stringvalue

Sets the text of this text run.

6 **setBold**booleanvalue

Specifies whether the bold property shall be applied to all non-complex script characters in the content of this run when displayed in a document.

For the remaining methods of this class, refer the complete API document at:

https://poi.apache.org/apidocs/index.html?org/apache/poi/openxml4j/opc/internal/packagesummary.html.

XWPFStyle

This is a class under **org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel** package and is used to add different styles to the object elements in a word document.

Class Methods:

S. No.	Method and Description
1	getNextStyleID
	It is used to get StyleID of the next style.
2	getStyleId
	It is used to get StyleID of the style.
3	
	getStyles

It is used to get styles.

4 setStyleldjava. lang. StringstyleId

It is used to set styleID.

For the remaining methods of this class, refer the complete API document at:

https://poi.apache.org/apidocs/index.html?org/apache/poi/openxml4j/opc/internal/package-summary.html.

XWPFTable

This is a class under **org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel** package and is used to add table data into a word document.

Class Methods:

S. Method and Description No.

1 addNewCol

Adds a new column for each row in this table.

2 addRowXWPFTableRowrow, intpos

Adds a new Row to the table at position pos.

3 createRow

Creates a new XWPFTableRow object with as many cells as the number of columns defined in that moment.

4 **setWidth**intwidth

Sets the width of the column.

For the remaining methods of this class, refer the complete API document at: https://poi.apache.org/apidocs/index.html?org/apache/poi/openxml4j/opc/internal/package-summary.html.

XWPFWordExtractor

This is a class under **org.apache.poi.xwpf.extractor** package. It is a basic parser class used to extract the simple text from a Word document.

Class Methods:

S. No. Method and Description

1

getText

Retrieves all the text from the document.

For the remaining methods of this class, refer the complete API document at: https://poi.apache.org/apidocs/index.html?org/apache/poi/openxml4j/opc/internal/package-summary.html.

APACHE POI WORD - DOCUMENT

Here the term 'document' refers to a MS-Word file. After completion of this chapter, you will be able to create new documents and open existing documents using your Java program.

Create Blank Document

The following simple program is used to create a blank MS-Word document:

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFDocument;
public class CreateDocument
   public static void main(String[] args)throws Exception
   //Blank Document
   XWPFDocument document= new XWPFDocument();
   //Write the Document in file system
   FileOutputStream out = new FileOutputStream(
   new File("createdocument.docx"));
   document.write(out);
   out.close();
   System.out.println(
   "createdocument.docx written successully");
   }
}
```

Save the above Java code as **CreateDocument.java**, and then compile and execute it from the command prompt as follows:

```
$javac CreateDocument.java
$java CreateDocument
```

If your system environment is configured with the POI library, it will compile and execute to generate a blank Excel file named **createdocument.docx** in your current directory and display the following output in the command prompt:

createdocument.docx written successfully

APACHE POI WORD - PARAGRAPH

In this chapter you will learn how to create a Paragraph and how to add it to a document using Java. Paragraph is a part of a page in a Word file.

After completing this chapter, you will be able to create a Paragraph and perform read operations on it.

Create a Paragraph

First of all, let us create a Paragraph using the referenced classes discussed in the earlier chapters. By following the previous chapter, create a Document first, and then we can create a Paragraph.

The following code snippet is used to create a spreadsheet:

```
//Create Blank document
   XWPFDocument document= new XWPFDocument();
//Create a blank spreadsheet
   XWPFParagraph paragraph = document.createParagraph();
```

Run on Paragraph

You can enter the text or any object element, using **Run**. Using Paragraph instance you can create **run**.

The following code snippet is used to create a Run.

```
XWPFRun run=paragraph.createRun();
```

Write into a Paragraph

Let us try entering some text into a document. Consider the below text data:

```
At tutorialspoint.com, we strive hard to provide quality tutorials for self-learning purpose in the domains of Academics, Information Technology, Management and Computer Programming Languages.
```

The following code is used to write the above data into a paragraph.

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFDocument;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFParagraph;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFRun;
public class CreateParagraph
   public static void main(String[] args)throws Exception
   //Blank Document
   XWPFDocument document= new XWPFDocument();
   //Write the Document in file system
   FileOutputStream out = new FileOutputStream(
   new File("createparagraph.docx"));
   //create Paragraph
   XWPFParagraph paragraph = document.createParagraph();
   XWPFRun run=paragraph.createRun();
   run.setText("At tutorialspoint.com, we strive hard to " +
   "provide quality tutorials for self-learning " +
   "purpose in the domains of Academics, Information " +
   "Technology, Management and Computer Programming
   Languages.");
   document.write(out);
   out.close();
   System.out.println("createparagraph.docx written successfully");
   }
}
```

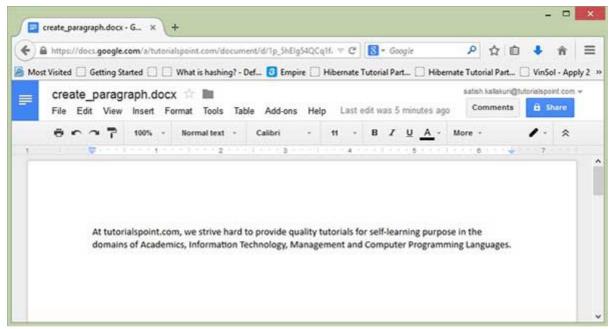
Save the above Java code as **CreateParagraph.java**, and then compile and run it from the command prompt as follows:

```
$javac CreateParagraph.java
$java CreateParagraph
```

It will compile and execute to generate a Word file named **createparagraph.docx** in your current directory and you will get the following output in the command prompt:

createparagraph.docx written successfully

The **createparagraph.docx** file looks as follows.



APACHE POI WORD - BORDERS

In this chapter, you will learn how to apply border to a paragraph using Java programming.

Applying Border

The following code is used to apply Borders in a Document:

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.Borders;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFDocument;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFParagraph;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFRun;
public class ApplyingBorder
   public static void main(String[] args)throws Exception
   //Blank Document
   XWPFDocument document= new XWPFDocument();
   //Write the Document in file system
   FileOutputStream out = new FileOutputStream(
   new File("applyingborder.docx"));
   //create paragraph
   XWPFParagraph paragraph = document.createParagraph();
   //Set bottom border to paragraph
   paragraph.setBorderBottom(Borders.BASIC_BLACK_DASHES);
   //Set left border to paragraph
   paragraph.setBorderLeft(Borders.BASIC_BLACK_DASHES);
   //Set right border to paragraph
   paragraph.setBorderRight(Borders.BASIC_BLACK_DASHES);
   //Set top border to paragraph
   paragraph.setBorderTop(Borders.BASIC_BLACK_DASHES);
   XWPFRun run=paragraph.createRun();
```

```
run.setText("At tutorialspoint.com, we strive hard to " +
   "provide quality tutorials for self-learning " +
   "purpose in the domains of Academics, Information " +
   "Technology, Management and Computer Programming " +
   "Languages.");

document.write(out);
   out.close();
   System.out.println("applyingborder.docx written successully");
}
```

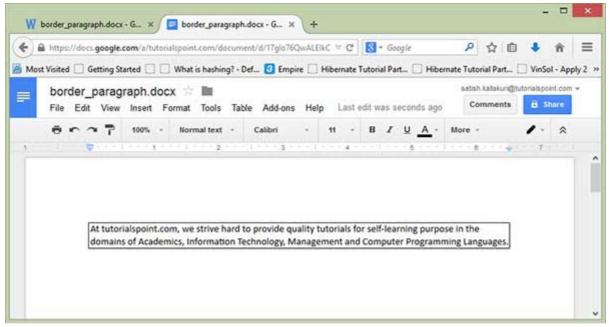
Save the above code in a file named **ApplyingBorder.java**, compile and execute it from the command prompt as follows:

```
$javac ApplyingBorder.java
$java ApplyingBorder
```

If your system is configured with the POI library, then it will compile and execute to generate a Word document named **applyingborder.docx** in your current directory and display the following output:

```
applyingborder.docx written successfully
```

The applyingborder.docx file looks as follows:



APACHE POI WORD - TABLES

In this chapter, you will learn how to create a table of data in a document. You can create a table data by using **XWPFTable** class. By adding each **Row** to table and adding each **cell** to **Row**, you will get table data.

Create Table

The following code is used to creating table in a document:

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFDocument;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFTable;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFTableRow;

public class CreateTable
{
```

```
public static void main(String[] args)throws Exception
//Blank Document
XWPFDocument document= new XWPFDocument();
//Write the Document in file system
FileOutputStream out = new FileOutputStream(
new File("create_table.docx"));
//create table
XWPFTable table = document.createTable();
//create first row
XWPFTableRow tableRowOne = table.getRow(0);
tableRowOne.getCell(0).setText("col one, row one");
tableRowOne.addNewTableCell().setText("col two, row one");
tableRowOne.addNewTableCell().setText("col three, row one");
//create second row
XWPFTableRow tableRowTwo = table.createRow();
tableRowTwo.getCell(0).setText("col one, row two");
tableRowTwo.getCell(1).setText("col two, row two");
tableRowTwo.getCell(2).setText("col three, row two");
//create third row
XWPFTableRow tableRowThree = table.createRow();
tableRowThree.getCell(0).setText("col one, row three");
tableRowThree.getCell(1).setText("col two, row three");
tableRowThree.getCell(2).setText("col three, row three");
document.write(out);
out.close();
System.out.println("create_table.docx written successully");
```

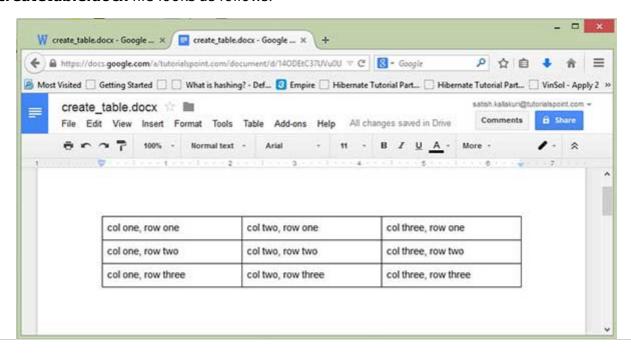
Save the above code in a file named **CreateTable.java.** Compile and execute it from the command prompt as follows:

```
$javac CreateTable.java
$java CreateTable
```

It generates a Word file named **createtable.docx** in your current directory and display the following output on the command prompt:

createtable.docx written successfully

The **createtable.docx** file looks as follows:



FONT STYLE AND ALIGNMENT

This chapter shows how to apply different font styles and alignments in a Word document using Java. Generally, Font Style contains: Font size, Type, Bold, Italic, and Underline. And Alignment is categorized into left, center, right, and justify.

Font Style

The following code is used to set different styles of font:

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.VerticalAlign;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFDocument;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFParagraph;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFRun;
public class FontStyle
   public static void main(String[] args)throws Exception
   //Blank Document
   XWPFDocument document= new XWPFDocument();
   //Write the Document in file system
   FileOutputStream out = new FileOutputStream(
   new File("fontstyle.docx"));
   //create paragraph
   XWPFParagraph paragraph = document.createParagraph();
   //Set Bold an Italic
   XWPFRun paragraphOneRunOne = paragraph.createRun();
   paragraphOneRunOne.setBold(true);
   paragraphOneRunOne.setItalic(true);
   paragraphOneRunOne.setText("Font Style");
   paragraphOneRunOne.addBreak();
   //Set text Position
   XWPFRun paragraphOneRunTwo = paragraph.createRun();
   paragraphOneRunTwo.setText("Font Style two");
   paragraphOneRunTwo.setTextPosition(100);
   //Set Strike through and Font Size and Subscript
   XWPFRun paragraphOneRunThree = paragraph.createRun();
   paragraphOneRunThree.setStrike(true);
   paragraphOneRunThree.setFontSize(20);
   paragraphOneRunThree.setSubscript(
   VerticalAlign.SUBSCRIPT);
   paragraphOneRunThree.setText(" Different Font Styles");
   document.write(out);
   out.close();
   System.out.println("fontstyle.docx written successully");
}
```

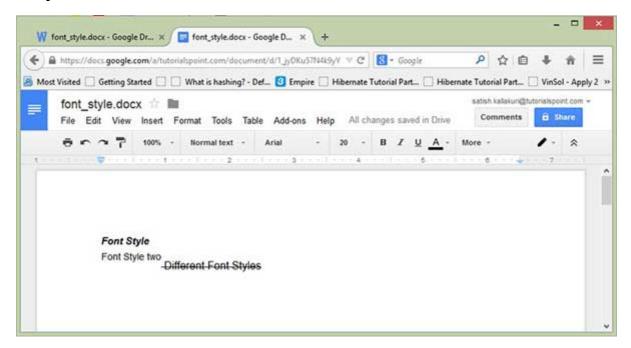
Save the above code as **FontStyle.java** and then compile and execute it from the command prompt as follows:

```
$javac FontStyle.java
$java FontStyle
```

It will generate a Word file named **fontstyle.docx** in your current directory and display the following output on the command prompt:

fontstyle.docx written successfully

The **fontstyle.docx** file looks as follows.



Alignment

The following code is used to set alignment to the paragraph text:

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.ParagraphAlignment;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFDocument;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFParagraph;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFRun;
public class AlignParagraph
   public static void main(String[] args)throws Exception
   //Blank Document
   XWPFDocument document= new XWPFDocument();
   //Write the Document in file system
   FileOutputStream out = new FileOutputStream(
   new File("alignparagraph.docx"));
   //create paragraph
   XWPFParagraph paragraph = document.createParagraph();
   //Set alignment paragraph to RIGHT
   paragraph.setAlignment(ParagraphAlignment.RIGHT);
   XWPFRun run=paragraph.createRun();
   run.setText("At tutorialspoint.com, we strive hard to " +
   "provide quality tutorials for self-learning " +
   "purpose in the domains of Academics, Information " +
   "Technology, Management and Computer Programming " +
   "Languages.");
   //Create Another paragraph
   paragraph=document.createParagraph();
   //Set alignment paragraph to CENTER
   paragraph.setAlignment(ParagraphAlignment.CENTER);
   run=paragraph.createRun();
   run.setText("The endeavour started by Mohtashim, an AMU " +
   "alumni, who is the founder and the managing director " +
```

```
"of Tutorials Point (I) Pvt. Ltd. He came up with the " +
   "website tutorialspoint.com in year 2006 with the help" +
   "of handpicked freelancers, with an array of tutorials" +
   " for computer programming languages. ");
   document.write(out);
   out.close();
   System.out.println("alignparagraph.docx written successfully");
   }
}
```

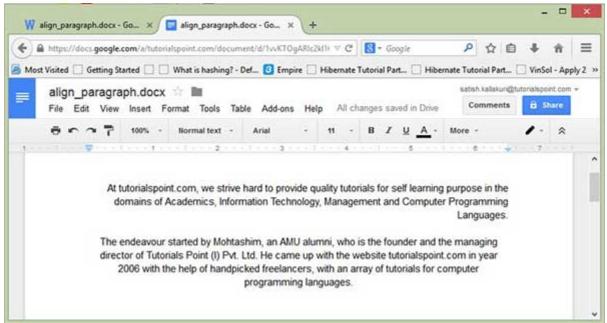
Save the above code as **AlignParagraph.java** and then compile and execute it from the command prompt as follows:

```
$javac AlignParagraph.java
$java AlignParagraph
```

It will generate a Word file named **alignparagraph.docx** in your current directory and display the following output in the command prompt:

```
alignparagraph.docx written successfully
```

The **alignparagraph.docx** file looks as follows:



APACHE POI WORD - TEXT EXTRACTION

This chapter explains how to extract simple text data from a Word document using Java. In case you want to extract metadata from a Word document, make use of Apache Tika.

For .docx files, we use the class org.apache.poi.xwpf.extractor.XPFFWordExtractor that extracts and returns simple data from a Word file. In the same way, we have different methodologies to extract headings, footnotes, table data, etc. from a Word file.

The following code shows how to extract simple text from a Word file:

```
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.extractor.XWPFWordExtractor;
import org.apache.poi.xwpf.usermodel.XWPFDocument;

public class WordExtractor
{
    public static void main(String[] args)throws Exception
    {
        XWPFDocument docx = new XWPFDocument(
        new FileInputStream("create_paragraph.docx"));
    }
}
```

```
//using XWPFWordExtractor Class
XWPFWordExtractor we = new XWPFWordExtractor(docx);
System.out.println(we.getText());
}
}
```

Save the above code as **WordExtractor.java.** Compile and execute it from the command prompt as follows:

```
$javac WordExtractor.java
$java WordExtractor
```

It will generate the following output:

At tutorialspoint.com, we strive hard to provide quality tutorials for self-learning purpose in the domains of Academics, Information Technology, Management and Computer Programming Languages.

Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/HTML-CSS/fonts/TeX/fontdata.js