

C LIBRARY FUNCTION - FREOPEN

http://www.tutorialspoint.com/c_standard_library/c_function_freopen.htm

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Description

The C library function **FILE *freopen***constchar * filename, constchar * mode, FILE * stream* associates a new **filename** with the given open stream and at the same time closes the old file in the stream.

Declaration

Following is the declaration for freopen function.

```
FILE *freopen(const char *filename, const char *mode, FILE *stream)
```

Parameters

- **filename** – This is the C string containing the name of the file to be opened.
- **mode** – This is the C string containing a file access mode. It includes –

mode	Description
"r"	Opens a file for reading. The file must exist.
"w"	Creates an empty file for writing. If a file with the same name already exists then its content is erased and the file is considered as a new empty file.
"a"	Appends to a file. Writing operations appends data at the end of the file. The file is created if it does not exist.
"r+"	Opens a file to update both reading and writing. The file must exist.
"w+"	Creates an empty file for both reading and writing.
"a+"	Opens a file for reading and appending.

- **stream** – This is the pointer to a FILE object that identifies the stream to be re-opened.

Return Value

If the file was re-opened successfully, the function returns a pointer to an object identifying the stream or else, null pointer is returned.

Example

The following example shows the usage of freopen function.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main ()
{
    FILE *fp;

    printf("This text is redirected to stdout\n");

    fp = freopen("file.txt", "w+", stdout);

    printf("This text is redirected to file.txt\n");

    fclose(fp);
}
```

```
return(0);  
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program that will send the following line at STDOUT because initially we did not open stdout –

```
This text is redirected to stdout
```

After a call to **freopen**, it associates STDOUT to file **file.txt**, so whatever we write at STDOUT that goes inside **file.txt**. So, the file **file.txt** will have the following content.

```
This text is redirected to file.txt
```

Now let's see the content of the above file using the following program –

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main ()  
{  
    FILE *fp;  
    int c;  
  
    fp = fopen("file.txt", "r");  
    while(1)  
    {  
        c = fgetc(fp);  
        if( feof(fp) )  
        {  
            break ;  
        }  
        printf("%c", c);  
    }  
    fclose(fp);  
    return(0);  
}
```

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